

INEOS Chemicals Pension Plan
Statement of Investment Principles (“SIP”)

Purpose of this Statement

This SIP has been prepared by the Trustee of the INEOS Chemicals Pension Plan (the “Plan”). This statement sets out the principles governing the Trustee’s decisions to invest the assets of the Plan.

The Trustee has also taken the Myners’ Principles into consideration when making decisions about the Plan’s investment arrangements.

Details on the Plan’s investment arrangements are set out in the Investment Implementation Document (“IID”).

Investment objectives

The Trustee invests the assets of the Plan with the aim of ensuring that all members’ accrued benefits can be paid. The Plan’s funding target is specified in the Statement of Funding Principles. The Plan funding position will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to assess the position relative to the funding target and whether the investment arrangements remain appropriate to the Plan’s circumstances.

Investment strategy

The Plan’s investment strategy was derived following careful consideration of the factors set out in Appendix A. The considerations include the nature and duration of the Plan’s liabilities, the risks of investing in the various asset classes, the implications of the strategy (under various scenarios) for the level of employer contributions required to fund the Plan, and also the strength of the sponsoring company’s covenant. The Trustee considered the merits of a range of asset classes, including various “alternative assets”.

The Trustee recognises that the investment strategy is subject to risk, in particular the risk of a mismatch between the performance of the assets and the calculated value of the liabilities. This risk is monitored by regularly assessing the funding position and the characteristics of the assets and liabilities. The risk is managed by investing in assets which are expected to perform in excess of the liabilities over the long term, and also by investing in a suitably diversified portfolio of assets with the aim of minimising (as far as possible) volatility relative to the liabilities.

The Trustee has also considered a number of other risks set out in Appendix A

The assets of the Plan consist predominantly of investments which are traded on regulated markets.

Investment Management Arrangements

The Trustee has appointed several investment managers to manage the assets of the Plan as listed in the IID. The investment managers are regulated under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

All decisions about the day-to-day management of the assets have been delegated to the investment managers via a written agreement. The delegation includes decisions about:

- Selection, retention and realisation of investments including taking into account all financially material considerations in making these decisions;
- The exercise of rights (including voting rights) attaching to the investments;
- Undertaking engagement activities with investee companies and other stakeholders, where appropriate.

The Trustee takes investment managers' policies into account when selecting and monitoring managers. The Trustee also takes into account the performance targets the investment managers are evaluated on. The investment managers are expected to exercise their powers of investment with a view to giving effect to the principles contained within this statement, so far as reasonably practicable.

The investment managers' remuneration is based upon a percentage value of the assets under management. The fees have been negotiated to be competitive and are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

As the Plan's assets are invested in pooled vehicles, the custody of the holdings is arranged by the investment manager.

Further information on the investment management arrangements is provided in Appendix B.

Investment Manager Monitoring and Engagement

The Trustee monitors and engages with the Plan's investment managers and other stakeholders on a variety of issues. Below is a summary of the areas covered and how the Trustee seeks to engage on these matters with investment managers.

Areas for engagement	Method for monitoring and engagement	Circumstances for additional monitoring and engagement
Performance, Strategy and Risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Trustee receives a quarterly performance report which details information on the underlying investments' performance, strategy and overall risks, which are considered at the relevant Trustee/ISC meeting. • The Plan's investment managers are invited, in person, to present to the Trustee on their performance, strategy and risk exposures. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There are significant changes made to the investment strategy. • The risk levels within the assets managed by the investment managers have increased to a level above and beyond the Trustee's expectations. • Underperformance vs the performance objective over the period that this objective applies.
Environmental, Social, Corporate Governance factors and the exercising of rights	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Trustee receives information from their investment advisers on the investment managers' approaches to engagement. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The manager has not acted in accordance with their policies and frameworks.

Through the engagement described above, the Trustee will work with the investment managers to improve their alignment with the above policies. Where sufficient improvement is not observed, the Trustee will review the relevant investment manager's appointment and will consider terminating the arrangement.

Employer-related investments

The policy of the Trustee is to not hold any employer-related investments as defined in the Pensions Act 1995 and the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005 except where the Plan invests in collective investment schemes that may hold employer-related investments. In this case, the total exposure to employer-related investments will not exceed 5% of the Plan's total value. The Trustee will monitor this on an ongoing basis to ensure compliance.

Direct investments

Direct investments, as defined by the Pensions Act 1995, are products purchased without delegation to an investment manager through a written contract. These include the pooled vehicles available for members' Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVCs). When selecting and reviewing any direct investments, the Trustee will obtain appropriate written advice from their investment advisers.

Additional Voluntary Contributions

Pooled vehicles are currently available with Prudential Assurance Company Limited in order for members to invest their AVC contributions.

Governance

The Trustee of the Plan makes all major strategic decisions including, but not limited to, the Plan's asset allocation and the appointment and termination of investment managers.

When making such decisions, and when appropriate, the Trustee takes proper written advice. The Trustee's investment advisers, Isio Group Limited, are qualified by their ability in and practical experience of financial matters and have the appropriate knowledge and experience. The investment adviser's remuneration may be a fixed fee or based on time worked, as negotiated by the Trustee in the interests of obtaining best value for the Plan.

Compliance

This Statement has been prepared in compliance with the Pensions Act 1995, the Pensions Act 2004, and the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005. Before preparing or subsequently revising this Statement, the Trustee consulted the sponsoring company and took appropriate written advice. The Statement is reviewed at least every three years, and without delay after any significant change in the investment arrangements.

Signed: The Trustees Directors on Behalf of the INEOS Chemicals Pension Plan

Date: 29 September 2020

Appendix A – Risks, Financially Material Considerations and Non-Financial matters

A non-exhaustive list of risks and financially material considerations that the Trustee has considered and sought to manage is shown below.

The Trustee adopt an integrated risk management approach. The three key risks associated within this framework and how they are managed are stated below:

Risks	Definition	Policy
Investment	The risk that the Plan's position deteriorates due to the assets underperforming.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selecting an investment objective that is achievable and is consistent with the Plan's funding basis and the sponsoring company's covenant strength. Investing in a diversified portfolio of assets.
Funding	The extent to which there are insufficient Plan assets available to cover ongoing and future liability cash flows.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funding risk is considered as part of the investment strategy review and the actuarial valuation. The Trustee will agree an appropriate basis in conjunction with the investment strategy to ensure an appropriate journey plan is agreed to manage funding risk over time.
Covenant	The risk that the sponsoring company becomes unable to continue providing the required financial support to the Plan.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When developing the Plan's investment and funding objectives, the Trustee takes account of the strength of the covenant ensuring the level of risk the Plan is exposed to is at an appropriate level for the covenant to support.

The Plan is exposed to a number of underlying risks relating to the Plan's investment strategy, these are summarised below:

Risk	Definition	Policy
Interest rates and inflation	The risk of mismatch between the value of the Plan assets and present value of liabilities from changes in interest rates and inflation expectations.	The Plan invests within a Liability Driven Investment mandate, this mandate aims to hedge these risks.
Liquidity	Difficulties in raising sufficient cash when required without adversely	To maintain a sufficient allocation to liquid assets so that there is a prudent buffer to pay members benefits as they

	impacting the fair market value of the investment.	fall due (including transfer values), and to provide collateral to the LDI manager.
Market	Experiencing losses due to factors that affect the overall performance of the financial markets.	To remain appropriately diversified and hedge away any unrewarded risks, where practicable.
Credit	Default on payments due as part of a financial security contract.	To diversify this risk by investing in a range of credit markets across different geographies and sectors. To appoint investment managers who actively manage this risk by seeking to invest only in debt securities where the yield available sufficiently compensates the Plan for the risk of default.
Environmental, Social and Governance	Exposure to Environmental, Social and Governance factors, including but not limited to climate change, which can impact the performance of the Plan's investments.	To acknowledge Environmental, Social and Governance factors when appointing new mandates and when monitoring existing mandates. The Trustee monitors the managers on an ongoing basis.
Currency	The potential for adverse currency movements to have an impact on the Plan's investments.	To invest in GBP share classes where it is deemed appropriate to eliminate unwanted direct currency risk. To largely invest with managers that hedge exposure to foreign currency risk in underlying holdings, except where active currency positions are held.
Non-financial	Any factor that is not expected to have a financial impact on the Plan's investments.	Non-financial matters are not taken into account in the selection, retention or realisation of investments.

Appendix B

The Trustee has the following policies in relation to the investment management arrangements for the Plan:

<p>How the investment managers are incentivised to align their investment strategy and decisions with the Trustee’s policies.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As the Plan is invested in pooled funds, there is not scope for these funds to tailor their strategy and decisions in line with the Trustee’s policies. However, the Trustee invests in a portfolio of pooled funds that are aligned to the strategic objective of the Plan. • The Plan’s Direct Lending mandate for Permira is subject to a performance related fee.
<p>How the investment managers are incentivised to make decisions based on assessments of medium to long-term financial and non-financial performance of an issuer of debt or equity and to engage with them to improve performance in the medium to long-term.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Trustee reviews the investment managers’ performance relative to medium and long-term objectives as documented in the investment management agreements. • The Trustee does not incentivise the investment managers to make decisions based on non-financial performance.
<p>How the method (and time horizon) of the evaluation of investment managers’ performance and the remuneration for their services are in line with the Trustee’s policies.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Trustee reviews the performance of all of the Plan’s investments on a net of cost basis to ensure a true measurement of performance versus investment objectives. • The Trustee evaluates performance over the time period stated in the investment managers’ performance objective, which is typically 3 to 5 years.
<p>The method for monitoring portfolio turnover costs incurred by investment managers and how they define and monitor targeted portfolio turnover or turnover range.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Trustee does not directly monitor turnover costs. However, the investment managers are incentivised to minimise costs as they are measured on a net of cost basis.
<p>The duration of the Plan’s arrangements with the investment managers</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The duration of the arrangements is considered in the context of the type of fund the Plan invests in. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ For closed ended funds or funds with a lock-in period the Trustee ensures the timeframe of the investment or lock-in is in line with the Trustee’s objectives and Plan’s liquidity requirements. ○ For open ended funds, the duration is flexible and the Trustee will from time-to-time consider the

	appropriateness of these investments and whether they should continue to be held.
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